

General Assembly

Raised Bill No.

February Session, 2004

LCO No. 82

Referred to Committee on

Introduced by: (GAE)

AN ACT CONCERNING CORRUPT OFFICIALS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. (NEW) (Effective from passage) As used in sections 1 to 4,
- 2 inclusive, of this act:
- 3 (1) "Public official" has the same meaning as provided in section 1-
- 4 79 of the general statutes.
- 5 (2) "State employee" has the same meaning as provided in section 1-
- 6 79 of the general statutes.
- 7 (3) "Crime related to state office or employment" means any of the
- 8 following criminal offenses committed by a person while serving or
- 9 employed as a public official or state employee:
- 10 (A) The committing, aiding or abetting of an embezzlement of
- 11 public funds from the state or a quasi-public agency;
- 12 (B) The committing, aiding or abetting of any felonious theft from
- 13 the state or a quasi-public agency;

- 14 (C) Bribery in connection with service or employment as a public 15 official or state employee; or
- (D) The committing of any felony by such person who, wilfully and with the intent to defraud, realizes or obtains, or attempts to realize or obtain, a profit, gain or advantage for himself or herself or for some other person, through the use or attempted use of the power, rights, privileges or duties of his or her position or employment as a public official or state employee.
- Sec. 2. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes, if any person is convicted or pleads guilty or nolo contendere to any crime related to state office or employment, the court, as part of the sentence imposed, may revoke or reduce any retirement or other benefit or payment of any kind to which the person is otherwise entitled under the general statutes for service or employment as a public official or state employee.
- 29 (b) In determining whether the retirement or other benefit or 30 payment shall be revoked or reduced, the court shall consider and 31 make findings on the following factors:
- 32 (1) The severity of the crime related to state office employment for 33 which the person has been convicted or to which the person has pled 34 guilty or nolo contendere;
- 35 (2) The amount of monetary loss suffered by the state or by any 36 other person as a result of the crime related to state office or 37 employment;
- 38 (3) The degree of public trust reposed in the person by virtue of the 39 person's position or employment as a public official or state employee; 40 and
- 41 (4) Any such other factors as, in the judgment of the court, justice 42 may require.

- (c) If the court determines that a retirement or other benefit or payment of a person should be revoked or reduced, it may, after taking into consideration the financial needs and resources of any innocent spouse, dependents and designated beneficiaries of the person, order that some or all of the revoked or reduced benefit or payment be paid to any innocent spouse, dependent or beneficiary as justice may require.
 - (d) If the court determines that the retirement or other benefit or payment of a person should not be revoked or reduced, it shall order that the retirement or other benefit or payment be made to the person.
 - Sec. 3. (NEW) (Effective from passage) (a) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes, if any person is convicted or pleads guilty or nolo contendere to any crime related to state office or employment and the court that imposes the sentence does not make a determination under section 2 of this act concerning the revocation or reduction of a retirement or other benefit or payment that the person is otherwise entitled under the general statutes for service or employment as a public official or state employee, the State Employees Retirement Commission shall initiate a civil action in the Superior Court for the revocation or reduction of any such benefit or payment. The Superior Court shall order the person to appear and show cause as to why any retirement or other benefit or payment to which the person is otherwise entitled under the general statutes should not be withheld pending adjudication of the civil action in the Superior Court.
 - (b) In any civil action under this section for the revocation or reduction of a retirement or other benefit or payment, the Superior Court shall determine:
- (1) Whether the person has been convicted of or pled guilty or nolo contendere to any crime related to state office or employment and, if so;
- 73 (2) Whether the retirement or other benefits or payments to which

- the person is otherwise entitled should be revoked or reduced and, if so;
- 76 (3) In what amount or by what proportion such revocation or reduction should be ordered.
- 78 (c) In determining whether the retirement or other benefit or 79 payment shall be revoked or reduced, the court shall consider and 80 make findings on the following factors:
- 81 (1) The severity of the crime related to state office employment for 82 which the person has been convicted or to which the person has pled 83 guilty or nolo contendere;
- 84 (2) The amount of monetary loss suffered by the state or by any 85 other person as a result of the crime related to state office or 86 employment;
- 87 (3) The degree of public trust reposed in the person by virtue of the 88 person's position or employment as a public official or state employee; 89 and
- 90 (4) Any such other factors as, in the judgment of the Superior Court, 91 justice may require.
- 92 (d) If the Superior Court determines that the retirement or other 93 benefit or payment of the person should be revoked or reduced, it 94 may, in its discretion and after taking into consideration the financial 95 needs and resources of any innocent spouse, dependents and 96 designated beneficiaries of the person, order that some or all of the 97 revoked or reduced benefit or payment be paid to any innocent 98 spouse, dependent or beneficiary as justice may require.
 - (e) If the Superior Court determines that the retirement or other benefit or payment of the person should not be revoked or reduced, it shall order that the retirement or other benefit or payment be made to the person as if the initiation of the civil action had not occurred.

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- Sec. 4. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) Any person whose retirement or other benefits or payments are revoked pursuant to section 2 or 3 of this act shall be entitled to a return of his or her contribution paid into the relevant pension fund, without interest.
- (b) Any person whose retirement or other benefits or payments are reduced pursuant to section 2 or 3 of this act shall be entitled to a pro rata return of a portion of his or her contribution paid into the relevant pension fund in an amount proportionate to the amount of any such reduction, without interest.
- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of this section, no payments in return of contributions shall be made or ordered unless and until the Superior Court determines that the person whose retirement or other benefits or payments have been revoked or reduced under section 2 or 3 of this act has satisfied in full any judgments or orders rendered by any court of competent jurisdiction for the payment of restitution for losses incurred by any person as a result of the crime related to state office or employment. If the Superior Court determines that the person whose retirement or other benefits or payments have been revoked or reduced under section 2 or 3 of this act has failed to satisfy any outstanding judgment or order of restitution rendered by any court of competent jurisdiction, it may order that any funds otherwise due to the person as a return of contribution, or any portion thereof, be paid in satisfaction of the judgment or order.

This act shall take effect as follows:	
Section 1	from passage
Sec. 2	from passage
Sec. 3	from passage
Sec. 4	from passage

Statement of Purpose:

To authorize the revocation or reduction of retirement and other benefits and payments to which a current or former state official or

employee is otherwise entitled if the person is convicted or pleads guilty or nolo contendere to a major crime related to his or her state office or employment.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]